

## Homework 1: Midterm 1 preparation

**Due:** Monday, January 23, in class.**Problem 1. Identifiers**

In the list below, circle all C identifiers (i.e., valid variable names). (note, some variable names are *valid*, but prohibited by our style guide. They should be circled.)

a1	ThisIsAnInt	Myspace.com	12Months	_X_-
Flash_Drive	Num_Vars	INWARDS	HOW MUCH?	if20
true	if	iff	a1a2a3a4	float
me@gmail	don't_like_it	not_my_fav_o_rit_e	_Robots	stone-cold

**Problem 2. Constants**

For each constant below, specify its type. If the constant is invalid, say "invalid".

- |                    |                   |                  |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| (a) -357 -----     | (b) 929,567 ----- | (c) -2.001 ----- |
| (d) 'c' -----      | (e) 800e-3 -----  | (f) 4.2.2 -----  |
| (g) 0 -----        | (h) 'Alex' -----  | (i) true -----   |
| (j) 23,01.14 ----- | (k) 5.2e12 -----  | (l) '\n' -----   |

(m)  $3.4z3$  \_\_\_\_\_

(n) "a" \_\_\_\_\_

(c)  $4.2e2.4$  \_\_\_\_\_

### Problem 3. Expressions

Rewrite each C expression using parentheses to show the order of operations.

(e.g.  $a+b-c$  is  $(a+b)-c$ .)

(a)  $4 + x + 3 / x$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b)  $b + -23 - -14 * 2$  \_\_\_\_\_

(c)  $c * f - 2 \% 3 + 2$  \_\_\_\_\_

(d)  $3 * -34 - -23 + 45 / 23$  \_\_\_\_\_

(e)  $a + b \% - c / a * b / c$  \_\_\_\_\_

### Problem 4. Assignment

Consider the following code fragment:

```
int x, y, z;  
...  
x = x + z;  
y = x + y;  
z = z + y;
```

For each set of variable assignments below, specify the values of **x**, **y** and **z** after the code fragment executes.

(a) Initial:    x: 3        y: 1        z: 1

Final:       x: \_\_\_      y: \_\_\_      z: \_\_\_

(b) Initial:    x: 7        y: 12        z: 10

Final:       x: \_\_\_      y: \_\_\_      z: \_\_\_

(c) Initial:    x: -1       y: 15       z: 22

Final:       x: \_\_\_      y: \_\_\_      z: \_\_\_

### Problem 5. Trickier assignment

Consider the following code fragment:

```
int x, y, z;  
...  
x = x + z/y;  
y = y * x % z;  
z = z + 1;
```

For each set of variable assignments below, specify the values of `x`, `y` and `z` after the code fragment executes.

- (a) Initial:    x: 5        y: 5        z: 5  
                Final:    x: \_\_\_      y: \_\_\_      z: \_\_\_
- (b) Initial:    x: 3        y: 2        z: 5  
                Final:    x: \_\_\_      y: \_\_\_      z: \_\_\_
- (c) Initial:    x: 10      y: 10      z: 20  
                Final:    x: \_\_\_      y: \_\_\_      z: \_\_\_

### **Problem 7. Code writing.**

Write a function that takes as input two integer values, computes the square root of the sum of their squares and returns it.

### **Problem 8. More code writing.**

Three towns, Sunny Hill, Greenville and Riverbend are represented as points on a map. Sunny Hill is located at the coordinates  $(20, 14)$ , Greenville — at the the coordinates  $(32, -12)$  and Riverbend is at the origin of the coordinates,  $(0, 0)$ . Write a C program that uses **only** the function you defined in Problem 7 to compute the distances between each pair of towns, and print them out. (Make certain your program is **complete**). You can assume that the function from Problem 7 is defined in a separate file.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    return 0;
```

}

### Problem 9: Function composition.

Consider the following C functions:

```
int p(int a, int b) {  
    return (a+b)/a;  
}  
  
int r(int a) {  
    return a-1;  
}  
  
int s(int a, int b) {  
    return (a*a + b*b)/(a*b);  
}
```

Compute the result of the following function calls:

- (a)  $p(r(10), r(-2))$  -----
- (b)  $r(s(2,3))$  -----
- (c)  $s(p(1,r(3)), p(4, -4))$  -----
- (d)  $s(r(s(1,1)), r(s(r(4),r(-1))))$  -----
- (e)  $r(r(r(5)))$  -----
- (f)  $p(p(1,1), p(2,2))$  -----
- (g)  $s(s(1,1), s(2,2))$  -----
- (h)  $s(p(1,1), p(2,2))$  -----
- (i)  $s(r(s(-1,1)), r(s(-2,2)))$  -----
- (j)  $p(s(r(4),p(1,2)), s(r(-1), p(3,4)))$  -----