Lab 1: Why Databases?
Part I

**Due date:** September 20, during the lab period.

# Lab Assignment

## Assignment Preparation

This is a pair programming lab. Once you build your pair, one student needs to email me at dekhtyar@calpoly.edu. The email message should have the header ``CSC 365: Lab 1". In the body of the message, please put the names and emails of both students.

You are responsible for finding your teammates for this assignment, and you need to do it fast. I will assign partners for everyone who has not been able to find one.

## The Task

The assignment consists of two parts. The first part of the assignment is given to you now. The second part will be given to each team, once the team reports completing the first assignment.

You are given a list of students of a local elementary school together with their class assignment. The list is stored in a file `students.txt`. Each line of the file stores information about exactly one student. The format of the line is:

```
StLastName, StFirstName, Grade, Classroom, Bus, TLastName, TFirstName
```

Here, `StLastName` and `StFirstName` identify the student, `Grade` specifies the grade the student goes to, `Classroom` specifies the classroom where the student studies, and `TLastName` and `TFirstName` identify the student's teacher. `Bus` is the school bus route that the student takes to come to school.

`Bus`, `Grade` and `Classroom` are integers (Kindergarden is 0; a student who is arriving to school by own means is 0), while all other fields are strings.

Here is a sample line from the file:

```
DROP, SHERMAN, 0, 104, 51, NIBLER,  JERLENE
```

Not surprisingly, the line is to be read: "Sherman Drop, who takes bus route 51, is a kindergarden student assigned to the class of Mrs. Jerlene Nibler in the classroom 104."

Your goal is to write a program, which searches the `students.txt` file and outputs the results of the search. The following searches have to be implemented:

- Given a student's last name, find the student's grade, classroom and teacher (if there is more than one student with the same last name, find this information for all students);
- Given a student's last name, find the bus route the student takes (if there is more than one student with the same last name, find this information for all students);
- Given a teacher, find the list of students in his/her class;
- Given a bus route, find all students who take it;
- Find all students at a specified grade level.

## Formal Specs

You are two write a program called `schoolsearch`, which implements the requested functionality. The program can be written in any programming language you are comfortable with (Java, C, C++, Perl, Python etc...). The program must satisfy the following requirements.

**R1.** Either interpreted or compiled version of the program shall run from the command line on our lab machines.

**R2.** The program shall have two modes: interactive and batch.

**R3.** In the batch mode, the program is run with a single search instruction, specified as command-line parameters. The program shall perform the requested search and output the results. The command-line should look as follows:

```
> [interpreter] schoolsearch[.extension] <SEARCH COMMAND>
```

**R4.** The interactive mode of the program is invoked if the program is run without command-line parameters. In the interactive mode, the program shall provide the user with a prompt, read search instructions entered by

the user, print the result, and wait for the next user instruction until the termination command is recieved.

**R5.** The following language of search instructions shall be implemented.

- `S[tudent]: <lastname> [B[us]]`
- `T[eacher]: <lastname>`
- `G[rade]: <number>`
- `B[us]: <number>`

This language is in effect for both the batch and the intercative mode. In addition, in interactive mode, your program shall also recognize the quit command

- `Q[uit]`

**Notes:** For simplicity all instructions are case sensitive. You are welcome but do not have to make them insensitive of the case. In the specs above, square brackets (`[]`) indicate optional parts (e.g., the `Student` instruction can be abbreviated to `S`), while items in angle brackets (`<>`) are the values provided by the user.

**R6.** `S[tudent]: <lastname>`

When this instruction is issued, your program shall perform the following:

- search the contents of the `students.txt` file for the entry (or entries) for students with the given last name.
- For each entry found, print the last name, first name, grade and classroom assignment for each student found and the name of their teacher (last and first name).

**R7.** `S[tudent]: <lastname>` B[us]

When the `S[tudent]` instruction is issued with the `B[us]` option, your program shall perform the following:

- search the contents of the `students.txt` file for the entry (or entries) for students with the given last name.
- For each entry found, print the last name, first name and the bus route the student takes.

**R8.** `T[eacher]: <lastname>`

When this instruction is issued, your program shall perform the following:

- Search the contents of the `students.txt` file for the entries where the last name of the teacher matches the name provided in the instruction.

- For each entry found, print the last and the first name of the student.

**R9.** `G[rade]: <Number>`

When this instruction is issued your program shall perform the following actions:

- Search the contents of the `students.txt` file for the entries where the student's grade matches the number provided in the instruction.
- For each entry, output the name (last and first) of the student.

**R10.** `B[us]: <Number>`

When this instruction is issued your program shall perform the following actions:

- Search the contents of the `students.txt` file for the entries where the bus route number matches the number provided in the instruction.
- For each such entry, output the first and the last name of the student and their grade and classroom.

**R11.** Your program must keep track of the time it took to perform each search operation. The time shall exclude the parsing time (i.e., the time program spends recognizing the search instruction). It also shall exclude the time it takes to print the results to screen[1] The search time shall be printed to screen after all other output generated by your program in response a search instruction has been printed. It shall be printed on a separate line in a readable form.

**R12.** The program shall assume that the file `students.txt` is located in the directory from which it is run, and will attempt to read the information from that file.

E1. Your program can have minimal error-checking. Basically, exceptions or any other error-causing situations must be handled graciously (without core dumps or runtime error messages), but the program does not need to attempt to recover from most situations. If the `students.txt` is not available, or has the wrong format - exit the program. If the search instruction has different syntax than what is prescribed in **R5**, go back to the prompt in interactive mode, and do nothing in the batch mode.

## Implementation notes

The majority of implementation details is left up to individual teams. Depending on the language you choose, different facilities may be available to

[1] This, among other things, means that in response to each search instruction your program should first construct the full answer, and only then print it.

you. Simple scripting languages make parsing easier and have some convenient data structures (e.g., associative arrays) which may be helpful. Compiled programming languages provide access to large libraries of powerful data structures and programs may work faster, but parsing is not as convenient.

You are encouraged to consult me about your solutions during the lab time (and in other times, via email, during office hours, etc.) about the design and implementation issues.

### Testing and Deliverables

You have to submit your code, instructions on how to compile (if needed) and run your program, and a write-up.

The write-up is a mandatory part of the lab. I recommend that at the beginning of work, you designate one student to prepare it. The write-up shall contain a brief outline of your team's implementation effort. I strongly recommend building your write-up as you go, rather then after the program has been completed. At the very least, the write-up shall contain the following:

- Your team name/number, list of team members;
- Initial decisions: programming language, environment;
- Notes on selected internal architecture: what data structures to use, for what purposes;
- Task log. For each task to be completed, list the name of the task, the student(s) performing it, start time, end time, total person-hours it took to complete. Choose the granularity wisely. You do not have to document every method or function.
- Notes on testing. When, who, how long, how many bugs found, how long it took to fix them.
- Final notes (anything else you want to share with me about your implementation)

The `students.txt` file is available on the class web page, `http://www.csc.calpoly.edu/~dekhtyar/365-Fall2012`. Download it at the beginning of your work, and use it for testing. Also available is the public test suit for the program.

When you believe you have satisfied all requirements for this part of the lab, submit the source code, the write-up and the instructions of compiling (if needed) and running your program, as well as the file showing the outputs of your program on the search instructions from the public test suit. Once the submission is made (in-person during the lab time or office hours, via email during all other times), the second part of the assignment will be made available to you.

**Submission.** Use `handin` to submit as follows:

```
$ handin dekhtyar lab01-1 <FILES>
```

**Good Luck!**