

Lab 3: NEUStore

Due date: Friday, January 23, end of lab period.

Lab Assignment

This is a group project. Each group completes and delivers a single submission.

The purpose of this lab is to get acquainted with NEUStore, the Java package for buffer management and paginated disk access. This is a team lab, to be performed by the project teams.

NEUStore

NEUStore is a Java package providing descriptions of a number of abstract classes for creation and maintenance of paginated index structures on disk. In addition, NEUStore provides sample working implementations of the most important classes. In particular, NEUStore contains the following.

- **Buffer Manager.** NEUStore offers an abstract class `DBBuffer` representing the DBMS buffer. Buffer management policies (the asynchronous part of the buffer manager) are represented by the abstract methods of this class, which need to be instantiated for each type of buffer manager. In addition `DBBuffer` offers the `read/write/pin/unpin` API (the synchronous part of the buffer manager) which allows application programs to communicate with the buffer to read, write and pin/unpin pages.

NEUStore also offers class `LRUBuffer` which extends `DBBuffer` and implements the traditional **Least Recently Used** buffer management policy. This lab assignment, as well as the course project will assume that you use `LRUBuffer` as your buffer manager.

- **Disk Pages.** NEUStore offers an abstract class `DBPage` representing a single disk/buffer page. It also offers two classes, `NaiveHeapFilePage` and `HeapFilePage` which extend `DBPage` and implement a simple heap file page (storing only integers) and a generic heap file page respectively.

This lab assignment requires each team to study the source code of the implementations of `NaiveHeapFilePage` and/or `HeapFilePage` and modify it as needed to meet the needs of the lab.

- **Index Files.** Collections of disk pages from *index files*. NEUStore provides an abstract class `DBIndex` representing an index file on disk. Index files can contain disk pages of different types. NEUStore includes two classes, `NaiveHeapFile` and `HeapFile` which extend `DBIndex` for the naive and generic heap file implementations.
- **Tests and examples.** NEUStore comes with two examples mentioned above. The first example is an implementation of a naive heap file, which only stores single integers on disk pages. The second example is an implementation of a generic heap file, which can store any (*Key, Value*) records (where both the key and the value may be compound). In addition, NEUStore provides a sample test program showing how the generic heap file can be initialized, populated and queried.

Assignment

Using NEUStore as the back end, create a program that does the following.

- R1. **Dataset description.** Your program shall provide heap file storage for the data found in the `goods.csv` file used in CSC 365 and in Lab 1. The URL of the file is:

<http://users.csc.calpoly.edu/~dekhtyar/365-Spring2008/data/BAKERY/goods.csv>

The file stores information about pastries available for purchase at a bakery. The file format is:

```
Id, Flavor, Food, Price
```

Here, `Id`, a string attribute, is a unique identifier of each pastry type; `Flavor` and `Food` combined together describe the pastry (e.g., `'Chocolate'`, `'Cake'`). Finally, `Price` is a floating point price of the pastry type.

A sample line from `goods.csv` is

```
'46-11', 'Napoleon', 'Cake', 13.49
```

(“This item with the id 46-11 is a Napoleon Cake and its price is \$13.49.”)

The file contains 40 records. The first line of the file describes the names of the attributes, and is NOT part of the dataset itself.

R2. **Format assumptions.** Your program needs only to provide storage for the data found in `goods.csv`. You can (and shall) determine the lengths of the string fields in this file based on its contents, but there is no need to expect Ids, food and flavor descriptions that are significantly longer than the ones in the `goods.csv` file.

R3. **Disk Storage.** You shall design appropriate format for storing records from the `goods.csv` file. You shall design appropriate disk page format (including page headers). You shall extend existing NEUStore implementation¹ to create appropriate classes for each disk page format you intend to use in the program², as well as for the index file in which all data will be stored on disk.

R4. **Internal API.** Your program shall provide implementations³ of the following methods for the index file:

- `insert` : insert a given record into the index structure;
- `delete` : delete a record from the index structure;
- `update` : replace a specified record with a new one;

(you shall make decisions on the arguments for these methods).

R5. **Program flow.** Your program shall work as follows:

- When the program is started, it reads and parses the contents of the `thegoods.csv` file. You can assume that the file is in the working directory of the program.
- The program then builds the index structure(s) for storing the contents of the file, and inserts, one-by-one all records from the file into the index structure.
- The program scans the index structure and outputs all records stored in it, in the order in which the records are accessed.
- The program scans the index structure and outputs records of all items that cost more than \$7.
- The program deletes all records of tarts. It outputs the contents of each deleted record.
- The program scans the index structure and outputs all records in it.

¹You may, if you want, write all your code from scratch, but using NEUStore-provided classes will probably be easier.

²Most likely, only one type of disk page, outside of the file header page is needed for this application.

³You are allowed, where suitable to rely on NEUStore implementations

- The program reinserts one-by-one all deleted records. ⁴
- The program scans the index structure and outputs all records in it.
- The program (retrieves and) updates the first record stored in the index and replaces its flavor with 'Wedding' and its type (Food) with 'Torte'.
- The program scans the index structure and outputs the first ten records in it.

Notes and Comments

The data structure you need to implement is more complex than the `NaiveHeapFilePage` class, but it is simpler (because it is fixed) than the `HeapFilePage` class. In fact, it can be done as an instance of using `HeapFilePage`, but I recommend modifying one of the two classes to create a data structure for exactly the record structure you need.

In addition to the `insert/delete/update` API, the program essentially requires you to implement a scan operation: starting from the first index page, read and output every single record (or read and output every single record up to a given number of records). On top of it, you need a simple *selection* operation, a scan of the index file, retrieving and outputting only the records of "expensive" pastries.

The delete procedure described in **R5**. can be performed as follows: your program employs a scan of the index structure, with a check of the `Food` value (this is a simple modification of the "select expensive pastries" scan), then the API's `delete` method is issued for each discovered record.

Submission Instructions

Your work essentially modifies the `NEUStore` package. You shall submit the entire package: both the new files you create, and the original `NEUStore` distribution files. For simplicity, submit your implementation in an archived form: either `.zip` or `.tar.gz` files are accepted. Name your file:

```
lab03-<groupName>.zip
```

or

```
lab03-<groupName>.tar.gz
```

In addition, submit a plain text `README` file containing the following information:

- Group name.

⁴Feel free to "cheat" here. You can extract all "Tart" records into a separate file, or create a separate global data structure, to make identification of records easier.

- Group members, emails.
- Compilation, running instructions.
- The name of the data file you are creating. (I will run your program, and then will manually check the data file).
- A brief summary of the group's approach to the project. List any major design decisions (which classes were extended, how much code was borrowed, how much is new). Also, evaluate how hard/easy it was for your group to understand how to use NEUStore. List any outstanding questions about the functionality of NEUStore you group has.

Use `handin` to submit:

```
handin dekhtyar lab03 <lab03-code-archive>, README
```