```
1 /****
 2
 3
    * FunctionEntry extends SymbolTableEntry by adding data fields to support
 4 * functions, procedures, and methods. These forms of functional construct are
 5 * considered equivalent for the purposes of storing data in a symbol table.
 6
7
    * The public data fields of a FunctionEntry are a TreeNodeList of formal
    * parameters, a TreeNode body, and a SymbolTable scope. The inherited type
    * field is used to hold the return type of the function.
10 *
11
    * The scope field holds a reference to the function's own local scope. All of
     ^{\star} the function's formal parameters and local variables are entered in this
12
     * local table. In this way, the table defines a scope that belongs to the
13
14
    * function, which is the standard semantics in block-structured programming
15
    * languages.
16
17
    * In programming languages that allow nested function definitions, a
18
    * function's local scope may have further nested scopes. These are
19 * represented simply by having function entries in a parent function's scope
20 * table. Nested symbol tables are also used to represent anonymous inner
21 * scopes, such as nested declaration/statement blocks, in languages that all
22 * such constructs. See the documentation of the SymbolTable class for a
23 * large-grain picture and description of nested scope representation.
24 *
25 * A function's formal parameters are stored both in the formals list as well
    * as being entered in the local symtab scope. The list is necessary when
    * parameters need to be accessed in left-to-right declared order. The formals
    * are also entered in the function's local scope, so they have a storage
    * identity that is distinct to this scope.
29
30
31
    * The body data field of a function is a reference to the entire parse tree
    * for its executable body. This tree is used for back-end processing, which
    * can include one or more of the following phases: type checking,
34 * interpretation, and/or code generation.
35
36
37
38 public class FunctionEntry extends SymbolTableEntry {
39
40
41
        * Construct this with null data fields.
42
43
       public FunctionEntry() {
44
45
46
47
        * Construct this with the given data field values. Initialize memorySize
         * to 0.
48
49
        * /
50
       public FunctionEntry (String name, TypeNode type, TreeNodeList formals,
51
               TreeNode body, SymbolTable scope) {
52
           super (name, type);
5.3
           this.formals = formals;
54
           this.body = body;
55
           this.scope = scope;
56
```

```
57
58
59
        * Return the string rep of this.
60
61
       public String toString(int level) {
62
            return super.toString(level) + formalsString(level) +
63
                scopeString(level);
64
       }
65
66
67
         * Called by toString to stringify the list of formal parameter names.
68
69
       protected String formalsString(int level) {
            return formals == null ? "" : "\n" + indentString(level) +
70
71
                " Formals: " + formals.toString(level + 5);
72
73
74
75
         * Called by toString to recursively stringify the scope, if non-null.
76
77
       protected String scopeString(int level) {
78
            return scope == null ? "" : "\n " + indentString(level) +
79
                scope.toString(level);
80
81
82
83
        /** Formal parameter list, in declared order. */
84
       public TreeNodeList formals;
85
86
        /** Function body, in the form of its raw parse tree. */
87
       public TreeNode body;
88
89
        /** Local scope for this function. */
90
       public SymbolTable scope;
91
92 }
```