Lab 5: Aggregations

Due date: Thursday, May 23, 12:00pm.

Note: Lab 6 will be assigned on May 23 in class.

Lab Assignment

Assignment Preparation

This is an individual lab. Each student has to complete all work required in the lab, and submit all required materials exactly as specified in this assignment.

The assignment involves writing SQL queries for different information needs (questions asked in English) for each of the five course datasets.

All queries are available in a series of seven (we are not using AIRLINES dataset in this lab) individual labs on the LabThreeSixFive server.

The Task

You are to write and debug (to ensure correct output) the SQL queries that return information as requested for each of the information needs outlined below. The information needs can be addressed with either a simple SELECT statement (i.e., a SELECT statement without grouping or nested subqueries) and/or with the UNION operation, or with a SELECT statement that uses some aggregation (but not grouping).

Please note, that some queries in this lab may require you to immitate the intersection operation with other available means. Each information need must be met with a single SQL statement.

For this assignment, you will prepare one SQL script for each database.

NOTE: Please provide a comment in front of each SQL statement in each of your files. The simplest comment can just state the query number (e.g., "--- Q3.") for this particular database. This is very useful for the situations when for one reason or another you elected not to implement a query.

NOTE: This assignment does not use the MARATHON and AIRLINES datasets.

STUDENTS dataset

For the STUDENTS dataset, write an SQL script STUDENTS-lab5.sql containing SQL statements answering the following information requests.

1. Find all pairs of students with the same first name. Report each pair of students exactly once. Report first and last names of each of the two students, and their grades.

2. Find all fourth-grade students who are NOT taught by GORDON KAWA. Report their first and last names in alphabetical order by last name.

3. Report the total number of first graders and second graders in the school.

4. Find the number of classmates of ELTON FULVIO (excluding Elton himself).
BAKERY dataset

Write an SQL script BAKERY-lab5.sql containing SQL statements answering the following information requests.

**Note:** Your queries must match exactly the wording of the information need. For example, if you are asked to find the price of an Apricot Tart, the following query

```sql
SELECT price
FROM goods
WHERE CODE = '90-APR-PF';
```

is considered to be incorrect because nowhere in the query was the code ’90-APR-PF’ mentioned. (This is especially important when you are expected to produce a join of two or more tables, but instead look up the foreign key value and use it verbatim in the query. Such queries will be marked as incorrect on the spot).

1. Find all customers who purchased, during the same trip to the bakery, two different (i.e., different flavor) Cookies, one of which is Tuile. Report the date of the purchase, and the first and last names of the customers in chronological order.

2. Find all days on which either SHARRON TOUSSAND made a purchase that contained five items, or someone purchased a Gongolais Cookie. Sort dates in chronological order. Each date shall appear exactly once.

3. Report the total amount of money JULIET LOGAN spent at the bakery during the last ten days (October 22 and on) of the month of October, 2007.

4. Report the total number of purchases (i.e., unique receipts) that included a Chocolate-flavored item.

5. Report the total number of Chocolate-flavored items bought in the bakery during the month of October of 2007.

CARS dataset

Here are the queries for the CARS dataset. Name the SQL scripts CARS-lab5.sql

1. Find all cars made after 1980 with gas mileage better than the 1982 honda civic. Report full name of the car, year it was made and the name of the manufacturer. Sort output in descending order by gas mileage.

2. Find the average, maximum and minimum horsepower for 4-cylinder vehicles manufactured by French automakers between 1971 and 1976 inclusively.

3. Find how many cars produced in 1971 had better acceleration than a 1972 volvo 145e (sw). Report just the number.

4. Find how many different car manufacturers produced a vehicle heavier than 5000 lbs.

CSU dataset

Here are the queries for the CSU dataset. Name the SQL scripts CSU-lab5.sql

1. Report the average number of degrees granted by California Polytechnic State University-San Luis Obispo in the period between 1995 and 2000 (inclusively).

2. Find the largest, the smallest and the average fee on a CSU campus in 2002.
3. Report the average student to faculty (use student FTE to faculty FTE ratio) ratio in 2004 among the campuses where 2004 enrollment (FTE numbers) was greater than 15000.

4. Report all years in which either there were more than 17000 students (NOT FTEs) on California Polytechnic State University-San Luis Obispo campus, or California Polytechnic State University-San Luis Obispo graduated (gave degrees) to more than 3500 students. Report years in chronological order, with each year reported once.

**INN dataset**

For the INN dataset, create a SQL script file `INN-lab5.sql` with SQL queries for the following information needs. (When no year is supplied in the query descriptions below, assume 2010).

1. Find all rooms that were occupied on all three of the following dates: February 16, 2010, July 12, 2010 and October 20, 2010. Report just the full name of the room and the room code. Sort output in alphabetical order by room name.

2. Find the total number of seven-night stays in rooms with modern decor.

3. Find the number of August reservations (both checkin and checkout dates are in August) where two adults are staying with two children.

4. Find the average number of nights of stay in the Interim but salutary room for all reservations that commenced May 1, 2010 or later and ended before August 31, 2010.

5. Find how many different durations of stay for trips that commenced and ended in July of 2010 were in Interim but salutary room.

6. Report, as a single string, the names of all rooms in which GLEN DONIGAN has stayed. The room names shall be reported in alphabetical order of the name, each room name shall be included in the output string exactly once, and different rooms shall be connected using the string ‘and’ (notice the spaces). Note: your output shall consist of a single line/record.

**WINE dataset**

Create a SQL script `WINE-lab5.sql` containing SQL statements representing the following information needs.

1. List all 2006 vintage wines from Napa (any appellation within the county) whose total revenue exceeds that of the 2006 Appelation Series Paso Robles Zinfandel from Rosenblum winery. For each wine report grape, winery and name, score and revenue. Order by revenue.

2. Find the average score of a Sonoma Valley Zinfandel.

3. Find the total revenue from all 2009 Sauvignon Blanc wines with a score of 89 or higher.

4. Find the average number of cases of a Zinfandel produced from grapes sourced from the Central Coast.

5. Report the overall number of different red wines produced in Russian River Valley during the year when this AVA (i.e., the Russian River Valley AVA) had a wine with a score of 98.

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1There is a typo there. Let it be for now.
KATZENJAMMER dataset

Note: I made a small change in two records in the Instruments table to fix a factual error\(^2\) in the original dataset. This may affect the results of one or more of the queries below. The exact commands updating the database were:

```sql
mysql> update Instruments
    -> set Instrument = 'banjo'
    -> where song = 3 and bandmate = 3;

mysql> update Instruments
    -> set Instrument = 'bass balalaika'
    -> where song = 3 and bandmate = 2;
```

Please be aware of this.

Create a SQL script KATZENJAMMER-lab5.sql containing SQL statements representing the following information needs.

1. Find the number of times each band member played bass balalaika on Katzenjammer songs. Report the result as four separate rows, each consisting of the name of one musician, and the number of times she played bass balalaika. (REMINDER: you are NOT allowed to use GROUP BY for this)

2. Find the number of times Solveig was positioned center stage while Turid sang lead.

3. Find the number of times Anne-Marit played banjo, sang lead, and was positioned center stage.

4. Find the total number of different instruments Turid played on Katzenjammer songs.

5. List all the instruments that both Solveig and Turid played on (possibly different) Katzenjammer songs (each instrument needs to be reported exactly once), sort output in alphabetical order by the instrument name. Only the instrument name needs to be reported.

6. List all the instruments that both Solveig and Turid played on (possibly different) Katzenjammer songs as a single string, with the instruments sorted in alphabetical order, each instrument appearing exactly once, and instrument names being separated by ' or ' (mind the spaces).

7. Find how many songs DID NOT feature a guitar. (Note: you CAN and MUST do this without using nested queries)

8. Find on how many songs at least two performers played the same instrument.

Submission Instructions

You must submit nine `<DATASET>-info.sql` files. In addition, submit a simple README file with your name and email address.

There is no need to submit any other files.

You must submit all your files in a single archive. Accepted formats are gzipped tar (.tar.gz) or zip (.zip). The file you are submitting must be named lab4.ext where ext is one of the extensions above.

When unpacked, your archive must place the seven `<DATASET>-lab5.sql` files into the current directory (i.e., in the root of your handin directory for Lab 4 submission). No other subdirectories are needed.

Submit using handin:

```
$ handin dekhtyar 365-lab05 <file>
```

\(^2\)In case you are wondering, on Demon Kitty Rag Anne-Marit plays banjo, while Marianne plays bass balalaika.